STUDENT ID NO									

MULTIMEDIA UNIVERSITY

FINAL EXAMINATION

TRIMESTER 1, 2018/2019

TCC 3141 - CLOUD COMPUTING

(All Sections / Groups)

16th OCTOBER 2018 9.00 a.m. – 11.00 a.m. (2 Hours)

INSTRUCTIONS TO STUDENTS

1. This Question paper consists of 8 printed pages including cover page with **TWO** sections:

Section A: Four Structured Questions Section B: One Structured Question

- 2. Attempt **ALL** questions. All questions carry equal marks and the distribution of marks for each question is given.
- 3. Please write all your answers in the Answer Booklet provided.

Section A: Theory and Application

Instruction: Answer all questions.

Question 1 [10 Marks]

Scaling is the ability of the information technology (IT) resource to handle (a) increased or decreased usage demands. There are TWO (2) types of scaling: horizontal and vertical.

Draw a suitable diagram to show the configuration for each scaling.

[2 marks]

- Describe the type of cloud services provided by the following cloud delivery (b) models:
 - Infrastructure-as-a-Service (IaaS) (i)
 - Platform-as-a-Service (PaaS) (ii)
 - Software-as-a-Service (SaaS) (iii)

[3 marks]

Draw a diagram showing the configuration of an operating system (OS)-based (c) virtualization technology.

Discuss THREE (3) ways hardware-based virtualization technology can be used to address performance overhead in OS-based virtualization technology.

[5 marks]

Ouestion 2 [10 Marks]

How denial-of-service (DoS) compromises the availability of cloud resources? (a)

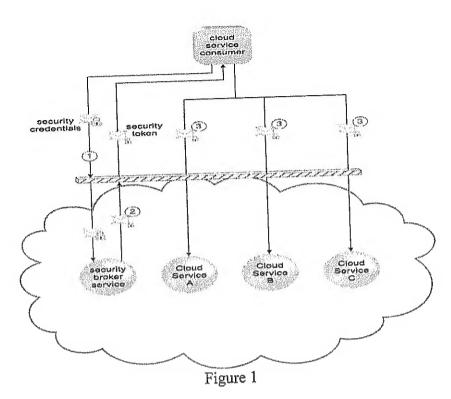
Describe THREE (3) common ways in which denial-of-service (DoS) are carried out in cloud computing environment.

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[4 marks]

Continued...

(b)



Based on Figure 1 above, explain the THREE (3) steps for single sign-on (SSO) mechanism used in cloud environment.

[3 marks]

The cloud usage monitor is a lightweight and autonomous software program responsible for collecting and processing information technology (IT) resource (c) usage data.

Discuss the main function for each of the following cloud usage monitor agents:

- i. Monitoring agent.
- ii. Resource agent.
- iii. Polling agent.

[3 marks]

Question 3 [10 Marks]

There are several tasks that can be performed by cloud consumers via a remote administration control. However, they depends on THREE (3) conditions. (a) Explain the conditions.

[3 marks]

Continued ...

(b) Compare between the hierarchical resource pools and nested resource pools.

[4 marks]

(c) Aminah in the IT department at Bersatu Manufacturing Company plant is planning for her company to subscribe to a cloud services with advanced architectures. However, Aminah is not certain which advanced cloud architectures fits her company's requirements.

Explain to Aminah what can be established by the following THREE (3) advanced cloud architectures:

- (i) Hypervisor clustering.
- (ii) Load balanced virtual server instances.
- (iii) Non-disruptive server relocation.

[3 marks]

Question 4 [10 Marks]

(a) Berry's Chocolates of Bear Hill makes an assortment of chocolate candy and candy novelties. The company has six in-city stores: five stores in major metropolitan airports, and a small online-order branch. Berry's decides to subscribe to a cloud service system that can connect its entire retail outlets.

You, as Database Manager in Berry's, have proposed a subscription to cloud services that implement Dynamic Data Normalization architecture in order to prevent saving redundant copies of data.

Explain FOUR (4) issues related to redundant data.

[4 marks]

(b) Borhan is a decision maker for Malacca's Authentic Cencaluk Company. He needs to decide which cloud environment to subscribe for his company's expansion plan. Out of **THREE** (3) cloud delivery models, suggest to Borhan which cloud delivery model that provides less administrative control but still offers significant range of management features.

Based on your suggestion, devise FOUR (4) set of management features that may be useful for Borhan.

[4.5 marks]

Continued ...

- (c) Categorize **THREE** (3) types of measurements for cloud service usage metrics based on each of the following cost charge:
 - (i) RM 1.50 per 1000 transactions
 - (ii) RM 100.00 per month
 - (iii) RM 50.00 per additional user per month.

[1.5 marks]

Section B: CloudSim Programming

Instruction: Answer all questions based on the code below.

```
public class CloudSim_Network_Topology {
   private static List<Cloudlet> cloudletList;
    private static List<Vm> vmlist;
    private static List<Vm> createVM(int userId, int vms, int idShift) {
       LinkedList<Vm> list = new LinkedList<Vm>();
        long size = 10000; //image size (MB)
        int ram = 512; //vm memory (MB)
        int mips = 250;
        long bw = 1000;
        int pesNumber = 1; //number of cpus
        String vmm = "Xen"; //VMM name
        Vm[] vm = new Vm[vms];
        for(int i=0;i < vms;i++){
            vm[i] = new Vm(idShift + i, userId, mips, pesNumber, ram, bw, size, vmm, new
            CloudletSchedulerTimeShared());
             list.add(vm[i]);
         return list;
```

Continued ...

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```
private static List<Cloudlet> createCloudlet(int userId, int cloudlets, int idShift){
    LinkedList<Cloudlet> list = new LinkedList<Cloudlet>();
    long length = 40000;
    long fileSize = 300;
    long outputSize = 300;
    int pesNumber = 1;
    UtilizationModel utilizationModel = new UtilizationModelFull();
    Cloudlet[] cloudlet = new Cloudlet[cloudlets];
    for(int i=0;i<cloudlets;i++){
        cloudlet[i] = new Cloudlet(idShift + i, length, pesNumber, fileSize, outputSize,
        utilizationModel, utilizationModel, utilizationModel);
         cloudlet[i].setUserId(userId);
         list.add(cloudlet[i]);
         }
     return list;
 public static void main(String[] args) {
     Log.printLine("Starting CloudSim09...");
     try {
          int num user = 1;
          Calendar calendar = Calendar.getInstance();
          boolean trace_flag = false;
          CloudSim.init(num_user, calendar, trace_flag);
          Datacenter datacenter0 = createDatacenter("Datacenter_0");
          Datacenter datacenter = createDatacenter("Datacenter_1");
          Datacenter datacenter2 = createDatacenter("Datacenter_2");
          Datacenter datacenter3 = createDatacenter("Datacenter_3");
          Datacenter datacenter4 = createDatacenter("Datacenter_4");
          DatacenterBroker broker = createBroker();
          int brokerId = broker.getId();
           vmlist = createVM(brokerId, 5, 0);
           cloudletList = createCloudlet(brokerId, 10, 0);
           broker.submitVmList(vmlist);
           broker.submitCloudletList(cloudletList);
```

Continued ...

```
NetworkTopology.addLink(datacenter0.getId(), broker.getId(),10.0,15);
      NetworkTopology.addLink(datacenter1.getId(), datacenter0.getId(),10.0,30);
      NetworkTopology.addLink(datacenter2.getId(), datacenter1.getId(),10.0,20);
      NetworkTopology.addLink(datacenter3.getId(), datacenter2.getId(),10.0,40);
      NetworkTopology.addLink(datacenter4.getId(), datacenter3.getId(),10.0,10);
       CloudSim.startSimulation();
       List<Cloudlet> newList = broker.getCloudletReceivedList();
       CloudSim.stopSimulation();
       printCloudletList(newList);
       Log.printLine("CloudSim09 finished!");
   catch (Exception e) {
       e.printStackTrace();
       Log.printLine("The simulation has been terminated due to an unexpected error");
    }
private static Datacenter createDatacenter(String name){
    List<Host> hostList = new ArrayList<Host>();
    List<Pe> peList = new ArrayList<Pe>();
    int mips = 500;
    peList.add(new Pe(0, new PeProvisionerSimple(mips)));
    int hostId=0;
    int ram = 2048; //host memory (MB)
    long storage = 1000000; //host storage
    int bw = 10000;
     hostList.add(
         new Host(
            hostId,
            new RamProvisionerSimple(ram),
            new BwProvisionerSimple(bw),
             storage,
             peList,
             new VmSchedulerSpaceShared(peList)
          );
```

Continued ...

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```
String arch = "x86";
String os = "Linux";
String vmm = "Xen";
double time zone = 10.0;
double cost = 3.0;
double costPerMem = 0.05;
double costPerStorage = 0.001;
double costPerBw = 0.0;
LinkedList<Storage> storageList = new LinkedList<Storage>();
DatacenterCharacteristics characteristics = new DatacenterCharacteristics( arch, os, vmm,
hostList, time_zone, cost, costPerMem, costPerStorage, costPerBw);
Datacenter datacenter = null;
 try {
    datacenter = new Datacenter(name, characteristics, new
     VmAllocationPolicySimple(hostList), storageList, 0);
     } catch (Exception e) {
         e.printStackTrace();
 return datacenter;
```

Name the network topology that was set-up in the code. Draw the network (a) configuration, and label the bandwidth and latency values (in millisecond) for all network links accordingly.

[3 marks]

Assuming that the time taken to process each cloudlet is 320 ms, and the processing of the first cloudlet, CloudletID 0, in VMID 0 on DataCenterID 0 only (b) begins at 100.5 ms. Table the output of this code using the following format.

CloudletID	VMID	DataCenterID	StartTime	FinishTime
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[5 marks]

Rewrite the code for NetworkTopology section to set-up a star network topology (c) with broker as a source destination. [2 marks]

End of Page.

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